

capital investment in the science, to interest our gifted scientists, to provide them well patents financing to have finger on the pulse. Who knows what product will be demanded in several decades? So it will be passed a set of tests, completions, etc. Therefore when our scientists not to be appreciated, they must look for that place where they will be demanded. It should be noted that the set of great opening which has been made today was made by Ukrainians, but unfortunately has tailored realized by them abroad.

«Brain drain» leads to degradation of the human capital and national economy in general. The circle creates a «guilty» when next generation has to study and adopt skills at people with lower qualification. As a result, in the country the labor productivity decreases, the competitiveness falls, the economy becomes isolated on production of goods with low value added. The way out will require bigger resources, than for creation of conditions for work to talented people while they are still in the county.

It should be taken into account that a lot of people consider this «emigration of minds» successful, because our qualified specialists accumulate experience, knowledge there, can revive our science new concepts and fresh approaches. When they are abroad, they promote attraction of investments into the domestic business ideas, to advance the Ukrainian goods and services in the international market or just help to make reforms in the state scale. They bring to the country both leading-edge thinking to the solution of problems and also the capital.

Emigration of scientists especially high qualified specialists, so-called «brain drain» is a serious threat for intellectual safety of the country. It can be decided by the development level of scientific potential and intellectual resources, that is a preparation condition of able-bodied carriers of scientific intelligence, the number of experts and scientists, people with higher education. To avoid this threat the government should pay necessary attention to in general, to encourage scientific generations and reward them for achievements in the best way avoiding «an one-way tickets abroad».

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UKRAINIAN PARTICIPATION IN THE LABOR INTERNATIONAL DIVISION

Now the world economic relations are one of the most important factors of economic growth, structural shifts and increasing the efficiency of national production. The revolutionary leap in scientific knowledge, accompanied by shifts in technology and production of the 21st century have substantially modified the labor international division (LID).

In the LID the weak inclusion of Ukraine does not only correspond, but also contradicts its national interests, because it leaves the country's economy beyond the development of world productive forces, leading directions of the modern scientific and technological revolution, which leads to pushing it to the brink of world economic progress.

The international labor territorial division (ILTD) refers to the process of concentration in individual countries of the goods production and the services provision beyond the necessary internal needs in anticipation of their exchange or sale to other countries.

There are three main types of ILTD: general, partial and unitary.

The unitary ILTD is one of the typical characteristics of a well developed country.

The modern LID is characterized by the "traditional" specialization of developed countries on the industrial goods export, and developing countries – on the export of raw materials.

The urgent directions of international economic policy with Ukraine are:

- strengthening the position in Eastern Europe markets;
- strengthening cooperation with economical developed countries of Western Europe, USA, Canada, Japan, Australia, South Africa;
- trade cooperation expansion with the countries of the Mediterranean, the Middle East, Southern and Southeast Asia;
- currency and customs regulation, liberalization of foreign investment conditions for attracting foreign currency and returning funds belonging to Ukraine that are held by banks of other states.

The effectiveness of foreign economic relations depends on the successful economic development of Ukraine, changes in the industry's structure, the introduction of new technologies and equipment, something that increases the competitiveness of goods in the world market.

At the current stage of socio-economic development, Ukraine has close foreign economic relations with various countries. The leading role in the development of international economic relations with Ukraine is played by the neighbor countries.

One of the main tasks for the external economic development relations of Ukraine is to ensure the Ukrainian products promotion to the new foreign markets. At the same time, everything possible will be done to preserve the traditional markets

In recent years an analysis of the structure and volumes of Ukraine's foreign trade has shown that the largest increase in the trade was seen in a faster growth of export volumes with the countries of the CIS and the Baltics.

On the one hand Ukraine has a positive foreign trade surplus with Belarus, Azerbaijan, Armenia, Georgia, Moldova. On the other hand Ukraine has a large, negative trade surplus with Russia, Turkmenistan and Kazakhstan.

In addition to the CIS and Baltic countries, Ukraine is expanding its foreign economic relations with many developed countries of the world. In recent years Ukraine has shipped the largest export deliveries to China (almost 1.5 billion dollars, or 10% of total exports), Turkey (almost 700 million dollars, or about 5%) and Germany (almost 600 million dollars or 4%).

The largest import deliveries to Ukraine come from Germany (more than 1.3 billion dollars, or almost 8% of total imports) and the USA (almost 700 million dollars, or 4%).

Ukraine carries out foreign trade operations with partners from 182 countries of the world.

Commodity structure the basis of Ukrainian trade remains the same, these are precious metals and their outputs, mineral products, mechanical and electrical tools, vehicles and road equipment, chemical products and related industries.

Consequently, for the Ukrainian active integration into the ILTD, it is necessary to

radically rebuild the entire foreign economic mechanism, to properly evaluate the role and place of foreign economic relations in the national economy development.

The development of effective foreign economic relations will allow Ukraine to overcome the deep economic crisis faster, to promote a stable and rapid development of productive forces and to increase the living standard on this basis. Ukraine, as a young sovereign state, does not have a sufficient experience in the establishing economic ties with other states. Therefore, it is taking the first steps towards entering the world economy.

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LIFE WITHOUT COMPUTERS: IS IT POSSIBLE?

For decades computers have been an integral part of our life. We can not imagine our day without gadgets. Every day we turn on the computer to check the weather, mail, make a job or study assignment and so on. But were you wondering what would have happened if we had not had access to computers. What would be our life? Is our life possible without a computer at all?

Nowadays, we cannot imagine our life without it. For example, doctors have the opportunity to prevent disease and maintain the patient's well-being by special computers. Also in financial institutions computers have to do all mathematical operations and to analyze algorithms. Computers are really needed in education. Except their classic tasks they may find different information for students. Also, without computers, our communication with many people will take more time. Thanks to computers we have the opportunity to maintain relationships with relatives and friends at a distance. Shopping, too, has become much more affordable. Now you do not have to leave the house to buy something. We have news from other parts of the world by our gadgets.

The importance of computers is obvious in our lives. Without gadgets everything would be awful. Imagine a day in which you can't send a message to your pen friend. The only opportunity to get any information would be newspapers, television, movies, magazines. We wouldn't use Google, only libraries. We would expend a lot of our own time on this.

PROS:

1. We'll understand the difference between real and virtual chatting.
2. We'll spend more time with our family.
3. Love stories will be more interesting.
4. You we'll have an opportunity to know more about team games.
5. How often do you go to the libraries?

CONS:

1. Our work is impossible without computers.