Cüneyt Yalçin Ahi Evran University Kirsehir (Turkey)

"THIRD PARTIES IN THE PALESTINIAN-ISRAELI CRISIS COULD THERE BE AN EFFECT?"

What is war, how does it occur and why does it continue or has it been fought so far only because of economic, political, religious conflicts, these are difficult questions to answer. In this study, the effects of political developments, mobility and changes in the country on actors, crises and scenes were examined. The Middle East region, with its location and history, is one of the geographies where religion factor is most effective. The Middle East region has been a region where humanity has existed, lived and developed religions throughout history. Societies fought for religion for centuries, they all wanted to spread their beliefs and keep them alive. However, as a result of the reform struggles of the peoples that started with the 16th century and progressed in the following centuries, the religious conflicts have partially lost their effect worldwide. Israel's formation of a Jewish state in a Muslim geography in the new world order created after the great wars in the 20th century caused the communities in the region to fuel their religious beliefs and keep them alive. Israel has illegally seized the land it wants and has always achieved its goals. In fact, these are proof that religious wars never end. This

process has continued in the same way until today, first unlawful attempts took place, and then they tried to be based on law. These developments took part in the revitalization of fundamentalist understandings, especially after globalization, and began to show activism. Many states have been involved in solving this problem, but have not been able to bring lasting peace. Maybe they did not want the net solution to come. Until now, third-party initiatives have always been in the interests of one side, Palestine or Israel, or eliminated the stable situation with a worse predicament.

Therefore, in this case study, which will be examined in an explanatory way, the Palestine-Israel problem, one of the unsolvable crises, was addressed and the initiatives, goals and outcomes of third parties (England, Russia, America and Europe) were discussed. This study was prepared to provide information about the methods of countries. As a result, the parties that intervene in the issue have positive or negative effects. The only problem in the middle is whether peace is desired in the region.