

МОДУЛЬНИЙ КОНТРОЛЬ

Модульна контрольна робота № 1 з ділової іноземної мови

I Complete the sentences below. Choose the correct answer for each one. 'Ø' means there is no article.

- 1 We'd like to find [**the / an / Ø**] accommodation close to the local amenities but in a quiet part of the town.
- 2 [**Shouldn't / Can / Must**] you work this afternoon? I'm afraid Anita's just called in sick.
- 3 We had a fantastic holiday and really [**got on with / get on / get through**] the rest of the tour group. They were all so friendly and such a laugh.
- 4 All room cards [**should / may / must**] be returned to reception when guests check out.
- 5 There are very few places in Mexico that my parents [**wasn't / isn't / haven't been**] to.
- 6 You [**don't have to / can / must**] leave a tip you know. Service is already included in the bill.
- 7 Do you think your aunt will be able to [**off load us / put us up / come to us**] for the night? It would be more fun to stay at hers than to book a hotel.
- 8 We [**don't have to / can't / should**] stop somewhere en route to break up the drive and have something to eat. It'll give you chance to stretch your legs a bit too.
- 9 Passengers [**shouldn't / mustn't / don't have to**] use their mobile phones or other electronic devices during take-off and landing. Their usage is strictly banned at these times.
- 10 Where do we [**must / have to / can**] check in for our flight?
- 11 If you are [**the / a / Ø**] tourist, the best time to visit is between [**the / a / Ø**] May and [**the / a / Ø**] September, when [**the / a / Ø**] weather is warmer and [**the / a / Ø**] mountains and valleys are stunning and green.
- 12 If you are looking for [**the / a / Ø**] quiet holiday and enjoy being close to [**the / a / Ø**] nature, this could be just [**the / a / Ø**] place for you.

II Complete the sentences below. Choose the correct answer for each one.

- 1 Why [**don't you think / not you think / you don't think**] about the different packages on offer and call me back?
- 2 Maybe I could [**advise / suggest / interest**] you in a weekend trip to Tikal National Park.
- 3 If you'd like to go snorkelling, I [**recommend you visit / recommend you to visit / recommend to visit**] the San Pedro Marine Reserve.
- 4 If I were you, I [**will visit / would visit / would be visiting**] the waterfalls during the rainy season.
- 5 [**I suggest you / Why don't you / I recommend**] book tickets for the tour from your hotel.

III Complete the sentences with right words.

- 1 In Caracas, sunshine often follows _____ rain during the wet season.
- 2 I think they got the forecast wrong. They said we'd have sunny _____ but all we've had today is rain.

- 3 On the news, it said that this afternoon would be sunny with _____ showers.
- 4 It was so _____ that I couldn't see more than a few metres in front of me.
- 5 I think they got the forecast wrong. They said we'd have sunny _____ but all we've had today is rain.

IV Read the text on the island of Gotland and decide if the following statements are true (T) or false (F).

- | | | |
|---|--|-------|
| 1 | Gotland is a Baltic Province near to Latvia and Sweden. | T / F |
| 2 | It is possible to visit Gotland's beaches by bike. | T / F |
| 3 | Gotland offers a wide range of activities for visitors. | T / F |
| 4 | The island has a long history going back ten centuries. | T / F |
| 5 | The collection of Viking silver is on show at Tofta's Viking Village. | T / F |
| 6 | If you want to learn how to use a bow and arrow, visit the Viking Village. | T / F |
| 7 | Each year, at the end of August, there is a medieval festival held in Visby. | T / F |
| 8 | During Medieval Week, visitors can watch plays and jousting. | T / F |

Gotland

The island of Gotland is a Swedish province located in the Baltic Sea, between Sweden and Latvia. At approximately 3140 km square, it is the largest island in this area of the Baltic. It is a fantastic holiday destination and if you live near enough, ideal for a weekend break. For those sun-lovers among us, it is good to know that it has the Swedish sunshine record, and for sea-lovers, it's only ever a short walk to the sea no matter where you are.

The great thing about Gotland is that it has something for everyone. If you enjoy lazy days on the beach, you can hire a bike and spend your days cycling from beach to beach, and resting in between. For the more adventurous visitor, there are a whole host of activities to enjoy, from diving, caving, kayaking, horse-riding to motor sports and racing. Throughout the year you will find that there are a variety of events taking place, such as the Round Gotland Race in sailing, live concerts and a fantastic kite festival. In fact, Gotland's 10,000 years of history is most certainly kept alive through its festivals, walks, lectures, plays and music. Visit the County Historical Museum if you want to know more about Gotland's past. See the world's biggest collection of Viking silver. And if you're really interested in finding out about the Vikings, why not visit the Viking Village in Tofta? Your Viking guide to this ninth-century village will show you around the longhouse, smithy, market and crafts house and explain the activities you see going on. At the end of your tour you can even try to make your own bread, a piece of jewellery or learn to shoot with a bow and arrow.

Alternatively, if you want to experience the Middles Ages, why not visit the World Heritage site of Visby, the island's main town, where for the first week of August each year the streets go back to medieval times. Medieval Week is definitely something for the historians among you and as well as enjoying the atmosphere of the crowded streets, full of jesters, musicians, beggars and more, there is plenty to entertain you, from theatrical performances to jousting.

All in all, Gotland has a lot to offer visitors. Just imagine yourself sat outside on a warm summer's evening, enjoying a relaxed meal and listening to street musicians playing ...

Модульна контрольна робота № 2 з ділової іноземної мови

I Translate from Ukrainian into English.

Ручну поклажу необхідно розміщувати на верхній полиці або під кріслом попереду вас. В аеропорту відповідність розмірів й ваги поклажі перевірятимуться щонайпізніше при виході на посадку. Надто велику або надто важку ручну поклажу необхідно зареєструвати. У разі перевищення норми провозу безкоштовного багажу з вас буде стягнуто збір за надлишковий багаж. Будь ласка, зверніть увагу на те, що збори на виході на посадку суттєво вищі, й сплатити їх можна лише кредитною картою.

Особисті документи, ліки, коштовності або смартфони слід тримати при собі, оскільки може знадобитися скласти вашу ручну поклажу в багажний відсік через експлуатаційні причини.

Рідини, які дозволяється провозити в ручній поклажі

- Контейнери з рідинами, гелями та спреями не повинні перевищувати максимальний об'єм 100 мл. При цьому враховується максимальний об'єм, зазначений на контейнері, а не його фактичний вміст. Усі окремі контейнери необхідно покласти в прозорий пластиковий пакет, який відкривається та закривається (наприклад, із застіркою-блискавкою), максимальною місткістю 1 літр. Одному пасажирові дозволено проносити лише один пакет; його слід пред'явити окремо в пункті контролю безпеки.
- Необхідні під час авіаперельоту медикаменти та спеціальну їжу (наприклад, їжу для немовлят) можна проносити без пластикового пакета, але їх також необхідно пред'явити в пункті контролю безпеки.

II Complete the sentences. Choose a), b), c) or d).

- 1 Most European cities _____ a rise in tourism numbers so far this year.
a) have been reporting b) were reporting c) will be reporting d)) may be reporting
- 2 Our train _____ at any moment if the timetable is correct.
a) was arriving b) should be arriving c) can be arriving d) has been arriving
- 3 The number of inbound visitors _____ in recent years.
a) was rising b) is rising c) will be rising d) has been rising
- 4 The house _____ down in order to build a hotel – work is starting next week.
a) is being pulled b) was being pulled c) will being pulled d) are being pulled
- 5 The forthcoming exhibition _____ a lot of attention in the press.
a) is attracting b) attracts c) will be attracting d) had been attracting
- 6 We _____ of staying an extra day in order to visit the castle by night.
a) 're thinking b) think c) 'll be thinking d) may be thinking

III Complete the sentences. Choose the correct answer for each one.

- 1 Travel companies are providing more [**customized** / **associated** / **designed**] vacations nowadays.
- 2 The [**consumer** / **customer** / **client**] boom may be cut short by the recession.
- 3 Wish [**dreaming** / **fulfilment** / **refreshment**] is about doing something you've always wanted to do but never had the time.
- 4 For many people a vacation is an opportunity to [**refresh** / **recharge** / **start**] their batteries.

5 Our friends plan to realize a lifelong [**cruise / ambition / attraction**] on this holiday.

IV Read the text on BRIC countries and decide if the following statements are true (T) or false (F).

Підтвердити true (T) or false (F) реченнями із тексту!!!

- | | | |
|---|---|-------|
| 1 | The BRIC countries are developed economies. | T / F |
| 2 | Both inbound and outbound tourism is increasing in BRIC countries. | T / F |
| 3 | Brazil is the fastest-growing travel and tourism economy in the world. | T / F |
| 4 | Eight million people work in tourism in Brazil. | T / F |
| 5 | Most western visitors to Russia in the past went to Moscow and St Petersburg. | T / F |
| 6 | Thirty-nine percent of the Russian population travelled abroad in 2010. | T / F |
| 7 | Most of India's tourism is in the domestic market. | T / F |
| 8 | China has 43 World Heritage sites. | T / F |

In with the BRICs

The BRIC countries, also known as the Big Four, are Brazil, Russia, India and China, whose emerging economies are considered to be at a similar stage of development. They are growing so fast that it is considered in some quarters that they will overtake the G7 economies within the next 15 years.

It is therefore not surprising that both inbound and outbound tourism in those countries is increasing exponentially. Brazil is the fastest-growing travel and tourism market in Latin America, with 7.7 million people working in the industry, around 8% of total employment in the country. A country that is so geographically and culturally diverse has much to offer the tourist, and pursuits of all kinds, from beach holidays to mountaineering, regional festivals to ecotourism, are catered for. The forthcoming World Cup in 2014, which will take place in various cities around the country, and 2016 Olympic Games in and around Rio de Janeiro, will both lead to large numbers of inbound tourists. Meanwhile, as Brazilians themselves become more affluent they are travelling more and finding themselves welcomed as high-spending visitors.

Covering over 17 million km², Russia is the largest country in the world in terms of area and has the distinction among the BRIC countries of being in two continents. For westerners, the ancient European cities of Moscow and St Petersburg were the traditional tourist destinations, but today visitors are heading for all parts of this vast country, with both the Golden Ring and Trans-Siberian Express being major attractions. The most recent figures show that inbound visitor numbers are increasing, with over 22 million visitors in 2010. Outbound travel meanwhile has been growing year on year, with over 39 million people travelling abroad in 2010, around 27% of the total population.

India currently has more outbound than inbound visitor numbers, with around 12.9 million Indians going abroad in 2010 compared to 5.8 million people visiting the country. Popular holiday destinations for Indian tourists include Singapore and Malaysia, with South Africa and Australia becoming more popular for those who wish to travel further afield. The largest tourism market by far is the domestic market: in 2010 over 740 million Indians visited other parts of their own country.

Although just over half the size of Russia, China has nine times its population and almost 20% of the world's population. Its inbound and outbound tourist numbers are similar, with 57.3 million people travelling overseas in 2010 and 55.6 million visiting China the same year. China's visitor attractions are well known: The Great Wall is a favourite, along with the Forbidden City, and with 43 World Heritage sites the visitor is spoilt for choice. The First Emperor's Terracotta Army, discovered in 1974 and recently taken on a highly successful world tour, has helped encourage tourists to visit Xi'an to see it in its original setting.